

# The Variance

## The Binomial Distribution

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# The Binomial Distribution

$$P(T = t) = \binom{n}{t} p^t (1 - p)^{n-t}$$

## Problem

*What is the variance  $\text{var}(T)$  where the probability distribution of  $T$  is given above.*

# Toy case $N = 1$

- Consider a single Bernoulli trial.
  - $X \sim B(1, p)$
  - $\mu = E(X) = p$
- What is the variance  $\text{var}(X)$ 
  - $\text{var}(X) = \sum_x (x - \mu)^2 \cdot P(X = x)$

Outcome	$X$	$(\mu - X)^2$	Probability $p'$	$p' \cdot (\mu - X)^2$
Success	1	$(p - 1)^2$	$p$	$p(p - 1)^2$
Failure	0	$p^2$	$1 - p$	$(1 - p)p^2$
			Sum	$p(1 - p)$

# General case $N = ?$

- Binomial distribution  $Y \sim B(n, p)$
- $Y = X_1 + X_2 + \dots + X_n$ 
  - Each  $X_i \sim B(1, p)$
  - Independent  $X_i$

- $\text{var}(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^n \text{var}(X_i) = n \cdot \text{var}(X) = n \cdot p(1 - p)$

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# Summary

- Binomial distribution  $X \sim B(n, p)$
- The expected value is  $E(X) = n \cdot p$
- The expected value is  $\text{var}(X) = n \cdot p(1 - p)$

## Exercise

*Let  $T$  be the number of bit errors when an  $n$ -bit word is transmitted over BSC with bit error probability  $p$ . What is the variance  $\text{var}(T)$  when*

...

- 1  $n = 7$
- 2  $n = 1024$